

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

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PROF DUBOIS

Lecture on John Brown — Recalls Criticism of the Life of John Brown

Prof. W. E. B. DuBois delivered his lecture on John Brown, in this city last week. It is hard at this late day, to add anything to the history of John Brown. However, Prof. DuBois, is a very polished speaker, and a man of great mentality. His life of John Brown, from which a purely literary view point, meritorious, according to The New York Evening Post is full of inaccuracies. The Post reviewing it said:

That so gifted a writer as the author of "Souls of Black Folk" should be tempted to write a new life of John Brown from the point of view of the Negro is easily understood. It also goes without saying that Dr. DuBois has made a readable volume of his appreciation of the martyr of 1859, the fiftieth anniversary of whose execution is now at hand. So little the Negroes themselves done to honor the memory of John Brown that this book might have taken on a special significance. But Dr. DuBois's work is disappointing in that it betrays no original research and abounds in inaccuracies. This is partly because he has relied upon his predecessors in the field. His is the eighth serious biography of John Brown to appear and unfortunately only one or two of these were written in the spirit or manner of the historian who desires to be impartial and to go to original sources for his information. Thus Col. R. J. Hinton's book is frankly a brief for Brown, and Mr. Sanborn's biography, treasure-house of material, suffers from the author's association with the preparations for Harper's Ferry. It is, moreover, twenty-four years old and since its publication much has come to light, both in Kansas and elsewhere, which is of importance to the interpreter of Brown and his times.

For this and other reasons, Dr. DuBois leaned upon untrustworthy slaves when he relied upon his predecessors. A few examples will suffice. He accepts Col. Hinton's attribution to Edmund Babb of Cincinnati of the anonymous letter of August 20, 1859, betraying Brown's exact plans to Secretary Floyd. But it has been known for years that David J. Gue, now living in New York city, was the author of that letter and that it was written not to injure Brown, but to save his life by heading off the raid. The full story Dr. DuBois will find in Benjamin F. Gue's valuable "History of Iowa," published in 1903. Again, he follows Redpath in accusing the Border Ruffians of wholesale assaulting of women in the early Kansas days. In the entire range of Kansas literature and manuscripts now available, there are but two recorded instances of this crime, and these are by no means wholly established, for at least one rests only upon Redpath's word when acting as correspondent of an Eastern newspaper. Dr. DuBois also assumes, with another biographer that John Brown's victims on the Pottawatomie had the benefit of some sort of trial. But not a scintilla of evidence has yet been produced to confirm this belief. Indeed, the facts all make against it. Again, Dr. DuBois accepts without investigation the repeated statements that John Brown was descended from Peter Brown of the Mayflower, although this is denied by the foremost authorities on the Mayflower genealogies. Finally, it must be noted that Dr. DuBois follows Sanborn, Hinton and others in justifying the abominable Pottawatomie massacre, which, had it been perpetrated by Border Ruffians, would have been denounced as a crime against humanity.

But Dr. DuBois's own errors are numerous enough. He makes of George B. Gill, Brown's Kansas follower, a Canadian (p. 223), whereas he was an American; to Jeremiah G. Anderson of Indiana, born of sturdy, white farmer parentage, he attributes Negro blood (p. 282), and Lewis Sheridan Leary, a free-born Negro, becomes slave-born on the same page and is dubbed Lewis Sheridan Leary as well. Of the

twenty-two raiders, Dr. DuBois says that "six or seven" were Negroes; he adds John Anderson, a mythical raider, and Jeremiah G. Anderson to the five actual Negroes Leary, Copeland, O. P. Anderson, Green, and Newby. Incredible as it may seem, Dr. DuBois records that seventeen Negroes were "probably killed" in the raid, when, besides four of Brown's Negroes, Leary, Copeland, Green, and Newby but two slaves lost their lives, and neither of these while fighting. He accepts also, in all its absurdities, the narrative of O. P. Anderson, the Negro who escaped, and endorses it as a trustworthy document. Yet Anderson insisted, for one thing, that there were thirty men killed on the Southern side, in the face of Col. Robert E. Lee's official report to President Buchanan that there were but five deaths, all told, in addition to John Brown's own losses; and Lee is yet to be accused of falsifying facts or failing to obtain them.

Dr. DuBois is not, however, to be bound even by John Brown's words, for he evolves the astounding theory that the raid failed through the delay of the rear-guard in Maryland in moving the arms into Harper's Ferry before the trap into which Brown had walked was sprung. But, unfortunately, for this, Brown repeatedly stated while in jail that he deserved to be hanged for his military blundering (for instance see New York Herald, November 24, 1859), and he assured Gov. Wise and others that his care for his prisoners led him to delay too long, despite the warnings of his men that he must leave the town at once. Part of Dr. DuBois's difficulty here is due to his belief that William Thompson, Brown's messenger to the rear-guard, failed to reach it. If he should read Terence Byrne's testimony before the Senate Committee of Inquiry and John E. Cook's confession, he would not only ascertain that Thompson did carry out his instructions, but find many details with which he is now unacquainted.

Coming to John Brown's trial, Dr. DuBois says that the jury "was empaneled without challenge," al-

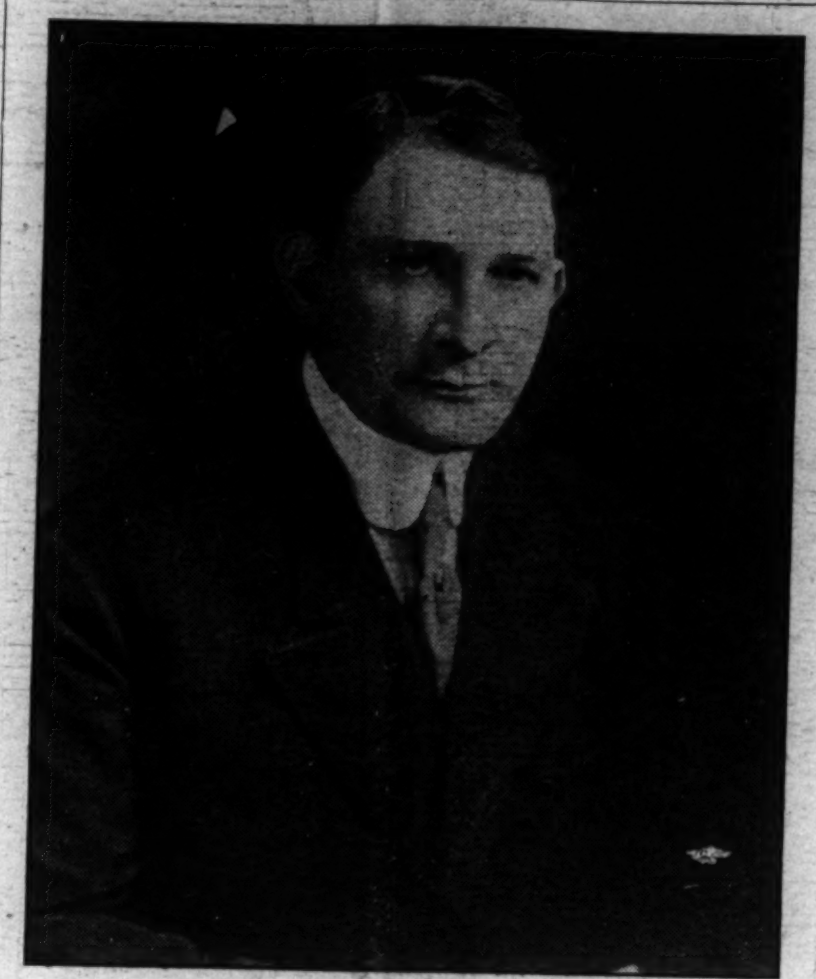
MINISTERS MEET — INDORSE HUMANE BILL.

At a meeting of the Evangelical Ministers Alliance of Washington and Vicinity, held yesterday afternoon in Shiloh Baptist Church at which were present fifty-five pastors of churches of almost every denomination among the colored people in the District of Columbia, the following resolutions were offered by Rev. Dr. Waldron and unanimously passed.

Be it Resolved by the Evangelical Ministers Alliance of Washington and Vicinity that we indorse the laws already in force in the District of Columbia against cruelty to animals and that we disapprove of the efforts being made to change these laws.

"Be it Resolved, secondly, that we commend the good work being done by the Washington Humane Society for the suppression of cruelty to children and animals and that we will do all in our power, consistent with our calling as ministers of the gospel, to strengthen and enlarge the work of this Society; and be it resolved, finally, that the pastors of the Evangelical Ministers Alliance of Washington and Vicinity hereby promise to preach a special sermon to their congregations at some convenient time within the next three months upon the duty of kindness and mercy towards 'dumb brutes.'"

During Dr. Waldron's address he said, in part: "While the Washington Humane Society causes many arrests and convictions each year of offenders of the law prohibiting cruelty to animals, it, except in rare instances, does not prosecute for the first offense, but seeks by counsel and dissemination of information and by warning, to turn the offender from the error of his way, and thus improve the condition of the abused animal and make arrests unneces-



MR. SIDNEY BIEBER, COLLECTOR OF THE PORT OF GEORGETOWN, D. C.

sary."

The Washington Humane Society was organized in 1870 and is modeled after the New York Society which was brought into being in 1866, and which, in turn, is fashioned after the Humane Society of England, which was started in 1824. The constitution, objects and method of work of this Society are the same as those of the Humane Society of New York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and other larger cities of the country.

"It would seem that no person who is properly informed upon the great need of the suppression of cruelty to animals in this city or who has taken the pains to investigate the excellent work done by the Washington Humane Society could be opposed to this organization and its work, but sad to say this is not the case; for just now an effort is being made by a certain organization, namely, 'The Horse Owners Association' to have Congress pass a bill which, should it become a law, would destroy the Washington Humane Society and bring back into practice the cruel treatment of animals which was so common in this city before this Society entered upon the work of suppression of cruelty to animals 40 years ago.

The Horse Owners Association, which, by the way, represents only a very small portion of the owners of horses in the District of Columbia, is opposed to the law which forbids cruelty to animals, and as the Washington Humane Society represents that law in force, they, naturally, oppose this Society, for most of the officers and many of the members of the Horse Owners Association of the District of Columbia have been fined for cruelty to animals.

This nation cannot afford to take the backward step proposed in the Horse Owners bill, and especially should Congress refrain from doing so at this time for during the second week in October of this year, the International Conference of the Humane Societies of the world is to be held in this city, and during the same week, the American Humane Association, composed of all the Humane Societies in America is to assemble here. These two organizations will bring to this city many hundreds of leading men and women from all parts of the civilized world, and the citizens of Washington and the Congress of the United States would not dare to look these men and women in the face after having placed upon the Statute Books a law abolishing the Washington Humane Society and nullifying the laws preventing cruelty to animals.

Rev. Dr. I. N. Ross, pastor of the Metropolitan A. M. E. Church, presided at the meeting, and Rev. Mr. Alleyne, of the John Wesley A. M.

E. Zion Church presented a paper upon "Evolution and Genesis," and Rev. Dr. Ernest W. Lyons, Minister from this country to the Republic of Liberia, and the Military Attaché Lieut. Davis were introduced to the meeting and made brief addresses. The ladies of Shiloh Church served all present with a free lunch at the conclusion of the meeting.

SIDNEY BIEBER COLLECTOR

Mr. Sidney Bieber, National Committeeman for the District of Columbia, has been nominated by President Taft, Collector of the Port at Georgetown, D. C. Mr. Bieber was one of the most active men in the last campaign in the election of Mr. Taft. He was closely allied with Postmaster General Hitchcock in the great fight at Chicago, Ill.

CHRISTIAN BAPTIST

Washington, D. C., February 17, 1910.

To the Editor of The Bee:

I dropped in the Baptist Ministers' Union at the Walker Memorial Baptist Church last Monday to see what the preachers were doing. I thought that I would catch them arranging memorial exercises to their late leader, Dr. Geo. W. Lee. But to my surprise, I found them passing resolutions to start another Training School, in opposition, it would seem to me, of the Baptist Training School, represented by Miss Nannie H. Burroughs. Rev. Waldron, Howard, Lamkins and others, advised against such a course. Dr. W. H. Brooks said that the school would be still-born. Nevertheless, after they were gone, the resolution was passed.

Rev. Toliver had a long set of resolutions striking at the B. V. S. G. Lamkins' Church, because they granted the use of their pool to the Asbury M. E. Church to baptize some candidate, a few Sundays ago. They are to speak against the Methodists next Monday, at which time the resolutions will be discussed. Rev. Gordon is heading the Training School movement. I wondered what kind of Christianity they had.

A Spectator.

LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILDING COMPANY

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Lincoln Memorial Building Company, called by the President, Mr. W. Sidney Pittman, last Monday evening, many things of vital importance to the company and its stockholders were considered and adopted, to be carried into immediate effect.

The most important step taken was that of employing a General Field Agent to take over the management and directing of all agents of the company, and placing the stock on

the market in every feasible way possible.

It is the plan to give this General Field Agent absolute authority in arranging semi-monthly meetings of stockholders and all others who may be interested, and employing additional agents from all sources. It was decided that this person is to be a colored man of strong business capabilities, and a man of determination and energy necessary to push the movement to a successful end.

The selection of this General Agent was deferred one month so as to permit those who have applied for this position, and others who may desire a place of this kind, to compete for one month in selling the stock, the one selling the greatest number of shares to be given the first consideration.

The Lincoln Memorial Building Company is, according to the number of subscribers and stockholders, in a most flourishing condition, and it is the intention of the company to push this theatrical proposition to a final success within the very near future.

Mr. George W. Robinson, of Southwest Washington, has already been authorized to establish a branch office in that section of the city and to employ agents and make a thorough canvass. Other sections of the town will be similarly covered as soon as available men for these responsible positions can be secured.

WHY NOT?

Mr. Editor:

I believe the Negro men of Washington should wake up and wash off selfishness and dress up in sociability and tip their hats to females in remembrance of their mothers and sisters. Why not? I believe if it was not for the Negro Lawyers in this city the jail and work-house would not hold the Negro prisoners, and our Lawyers should be invited by the preachers to lecture once a month. I believe our Negro doctors could pull down the death rate by lecturing to the people once a month. Why not?

Subscribe and stop borrowing "The Bee." Why not?

L. C. Moore.

CHRISTIAN WOMANHOOD

Rev. Simon Drew Speaks Before Young Women's Association.

Rev. Simon P. W. Drew, pastor of Cosmopolitan Temple Baptist Church, delivered a sermon on Christian womanhood before the Young Women's Christian Association, Sunday afternoon. He said in part: "As we bring to our minds the wonderful story of the crucifixion, there is always in the background of the picture that group of women. The disciples had fled and left Him; most of his friends had been afraid to go near the cross, but you could not keep His mother away. You could not keep the women who loved Him away. God, whom Christianity delighted to worship, had been upon the earth and had a mother, and could not turn that mother out of the Christian religion, or even keep her at the door. I like to think that we owe to the meekness and the purity of Mary the position of womanhood today in our own land.

"It was because of Mary and the worship of her and what she represented and what she stood for, and the idolization of her that man at last, in his roughness and smoothness, his masculine regards of simple things, and the more fragile and delicate side of life, came to bow his head to the ideal of the feminine. It is through Mary, mother of Jesus, that today womanhood stands in her proper place beside manhood."

ATTORNEY L. M. KING

Attorney L. M. King, who represented the Atkin faction of Elks at Delaware last January 5th and 6th, is daily receiving congratulations for the part he took in bringing together the two grand lodges.

Mr. King is now making preparations in conjunction with local lodges to entertain the Grand Lodge of Elks, July 26 to 29, next.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

By Miss G. B. Maxfield

According to the Census Office, the city of Washington, among those cities having a population of 300,000 or over has the smallest number of saloons — 521. While Pittsburg has 818.

There are in the United States 2,504 second class publications of every description, of this number 2,553 are dailies and 13,315 weekly's, Magazines and other periodicals, weekly, monthly and quarterly, of general circulation number 5,436.

More than \$1,000 has already been subscribed by school children of this city for the proposed convention hall and George Washington Memorial building. Charles J. Bell and others who are promoting the fund collecting says seven times the above amount has already been promised.

Nebraska is gradually becoming a great butter State. It produced 35,000,000 pounds last year.

William J. Bryan is to launch a prohibition newspaper in Nebraska, in the campaign which begun against the whiskey interests.

Thomas C. Platt, former United States Senator, intensely interested in the Republican party from its organization in 1856 died unexpectedly March 6. Senator Platt was a natural born, organizer and leader of men and will not only be missed by the State of New York, but by the entire Republican party.

An American woman has been selected to perfect the plans for the installation of a modern heating system in the palace of the Sultan of Turkey. Miss Anna Barber has been connected with a London firm engaged in the manufacture of heating apparatus, and has become a specialist in the study of science of heating large buildings.

The monthly report of building Inspector Hackett shows 479 building permits issued during the month of February involving an expenditure of \$1,311,279.

President Taft is to appoint J. C. Napin of Tennessee to a position in the Treasury Department.

Rev. John Hurst, D. D., urges cooperative charity.

Jack Johnson will have a hard time to get out of his recent troubles. The Niagara Movement is the coming organization among colored Americans.

Senator N. B. Scott, of West Virginia, will have a fight on hand to return to the Senate.

Heafin of Alabama is at it again. This time he wants Jim Crow cars in this city.

The National Baptist Review of Nashville, Tenn., is one of the best publications in the United States.

All Georgia is rejoicing over the appointment of Attorney Johnson.

Collector Rucker of Georgia is being pursued by the crackers. He has made a good collector.

Many regrets have been expressed by the leading journals of the country over the retirement of Recorder Dancy.

The colored press of the country doesn't take kindly to the removal of one colored man from office and the appointment of another.

The National Religious Training School at Durham, N. C., is said will be the greatest institution for colored people in the United States. Heafin's bill on Jim Crowism has been defeated in the committee room for the District of Columbia.

The Baptist Churches and other institutions are doing great work for the people.

SPECIAL NOTE

The public is warned to pay no money to Prince Hariston or to Geo. Smallwood. These men are in no way connected with The Washington Bee. They are neither authorized nor empowered to collect for or to solicit for The Bee.

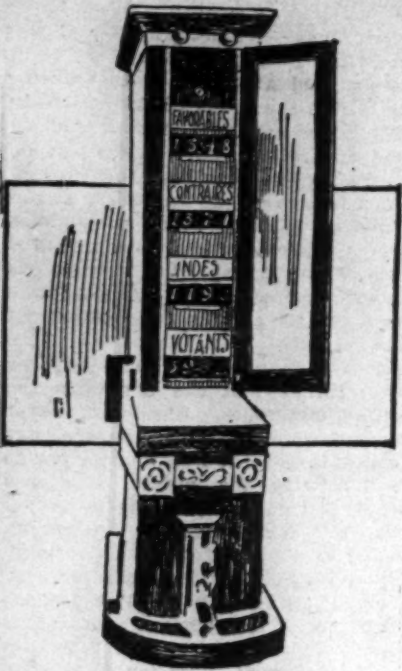
The African Minuteg and Real Estate Company is offering an unusual opportunity to investors. You should look up their advertisement on page 5.

The Bee leads and all other papers follow.

STOPS CROOKED VOTING

Italian Civil Engineer Invents the "Psephograph" to Foll Ballot Box Stuffers.

Rome.—European ballot box stuffers, who are as expert as any of Boss Tweed's henchmen ever were in the palmiest days of corruption in New York politics, soon will find their occupation gone. An Italian civil engineer, Signor Gogiano, has invented a voting machine which, it is claimed, is absolutely ungetatable and incorruptible. He calls this invention the psephograph. So complete and satis-



New Voting Machine.

factory has this machine proved that it had been adopted by both the Italian and the French governments.

The psephograph is a little over a yard in height and is provided with as many openings as there are candidates in the field. The voter presents his card to an official who has charge of the voting booth and receives a small metal chip about the size of an American dime. He is then given permission to enter the booth and steps behind two screens which render him invisible to both the public and the overseers alike. There he finds the voting machine facing him.

After carefully scanning the different slots, above which is a space containing the names of the candidates, he selects the one he wishes to vote for and drops his chip in the slot corresponding to it. The fall of the chip causes an interior lever to rise, this movement making the number of persons voting appear on a little tablet on the outside, which is always visible, and in the interior registering the vote for the chosen candidate. When the voting is over the officer in charge lifts aside the metal covering on which is registered the number of persons voting and the number of votes obtained by each candidate is revealed. By this system 27,000 votes were cast in two hours at a recent election at Turin.

GETS A GOLDEN CROWN

Miss Mabel Boardman Honored by Italy for Aiding Victims of the Earthquake.

Boston.—The Marquis de Montagnani, Italian charge d'affaires at Washington, has remitted to Miss Mabel Boardman of Manchester, Mass., and Washington, a golden crown, the gift of the Italian government in recognition of her services as a member of



Miss Boardman.

the American Red Cross society to the victims of the recent Italian earthquake.

The crown, a reproduction of the ancient Roman civic crown, is composed of oak leaves and acorns, made of solid gold. It is inclosed in a typical Roman box of leather, which is adorned by the royal coat-of-arms in gold. On the crown is engraved:

"To Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross, from the Italian Government, as a Token of Gratitude, 1908-1909."

Miss Boardman, as the executive head of the Red Cross society, recently announced her intention to devote her life entirely to its interests. She is the sister-in-law of Senator Crane and was a member of the famous Taft Philippine party. While visiting Japan she saw the evidence of the work of the Red Cross in the Russo-Japanese war and was impressed with the boundless possibilities of the movement. She is an intimate friend of both President and Mrs. Taft.

She Won't Waste the Rope. Give a woman plenty of rope and she will hang—her washing on it.

Mme. Davis,



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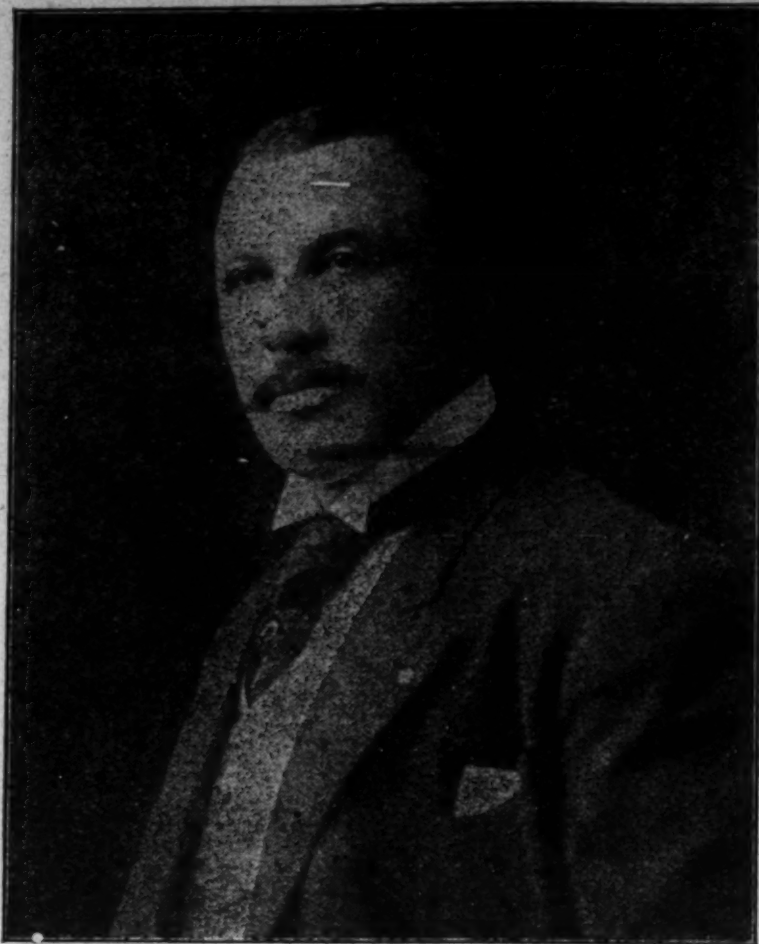
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Editor Bee—Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

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Sacks and Company; Department Store
S. Kann and Sons; Department Store
M. Goldenberg's; Department Store
George Goldenberg, 463 Pennsylvania avenue; Department Store.

DRUGGISTS
Gray and Gray, True Reformers' Building, 122 N street, northwest.
Southwestern Drug Company, Second and H. streets, southwest.
Board and McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th street, northwest.
W. L. Smith, 2201 7th street, northwest.
Leroy H. Harris, 600 3rd street, southwest.
J. R. Mayer, 4th and N streets, southwest.
L. M. Day and Company, 14th and P streets, northwest.
J. W. Morse, 1904 L street, northwest.
George Murray, 201 D street, southwest.
Napper's Pharmacy, 1246 7th street, northwest.
Marke Pharmacy, 1000 20th street, northwest.
L. M. Singleton's Pharmacy, 20 and E streets, northwest.

JOBBERS
American Barber Supply Company, 1009 E street, northwest.
Tony B. Dason, Shoe Findings, 1918 Seventh Street Northwest.
George Goldberg, 163 Pennsylvania avenue.
M. Garfinkle, 1117 7th street, northwest.
J. Scheinerman and Son, 1230 12th street, southeast.

GENERAL DEALERS
T. J. Watts, 221 Pennsylvania avenue.
M. A. Harriss, 810 Florida avenue, northwest.
J. Fairfax, 1906 Pennsylvania avenue, northwest.
J. H. Maxwell, Terminal R. R. yards, Pullman Porter's Rooms.
A. A. Viennas, 1115 Pennsylvania avenue.
J. J. Wilson, 635 G street, northwest.
All Towl Supply Companies use Howard's Polish in their outfits.
All Barracks and Forts around Washington use Howard's Polish.
At Holtman's Shoe Store, Pennsylvania avenue.
Arthur Martin, 105 8th street, northwest.
National Shoe Manufacturing and Repair Company, 442 9th street.
W. A. Taylor, 1202 New York avenue.
Robert Harris, 906 11th street, northwest.

ME-LANGE

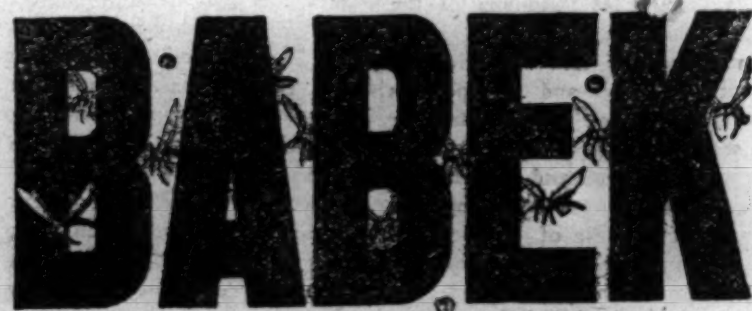


SIX MON THS

Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and P streets southwest; A. F. Pride, Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

FRANK E. WHITE MFG. CO.

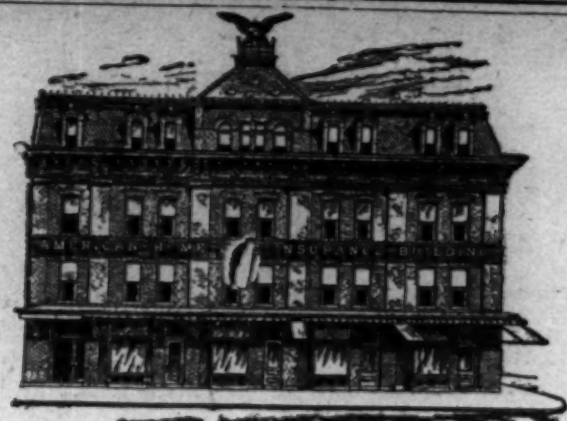
Box 107, East Orange, N. J. Goods mailed on receipt of price.



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For MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVER



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS

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WORTH ADVERTISING FOR

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating \$3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen. Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes — these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars — will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over three millions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

MORE MONEY— RACE PROGRESS.

If colored people groom themselves daintily, destroy perspiration odors, remove grease shine from the face, and use our new discoveries for improving the skin and dressing the hair, they will be better received in the business world, make more money, and advance faster.

The Chemical Wonder Company of New York is the best business friend colored people have. It improves their bodies as Dr. Booker Washington improves their minds. That Company manufactures nine Chemical Wonders, which will make colored people as attractive as individual peculiarities will permit. Colored men in New York who use these Wonders hold better situations in banks, clubs and business houses, and women have better positions, marry better, get along better.

(1) Complexion Wonder Cream will light up any colored face (black or brown) every time it is used. To prove this on one trial, we send demonstration sample for 10 cents. Regular jar, 50 cents postpaid.

(2) Magneto-Metallic Comb, called Wonder Comb. Can be heated before using, to help straighten and dress the hair. Costs 50 cents, and will last a lifetime.

(3) Wonder Uncurl. When this pomade dressing is in the hair the kinks can be uncured and the hair becomes flexible. When heated into the scalp and through the hair with a Wonder Comb, any stiff, knotty hair will dress well. 50 cents postpaid.

(4) Wonder Hair Grow fertilizes the scalp and makes hair grow long, just as fertilizers in the soil make corn stalks grow. 50 cents postpaid.

(5) Odor Wonder Powder instantly destroys perspiration odor. People who neglect such chemical cleansing are obnoxious. 50 cents postpaid.

(6) Odor Wonder Liquid. This fine toilet water surrounds the body with delicate perfume. When used with used with Odor Wonder Powder the conditions of the body become perfect. If you can spare 50 cents extra, order this luxury. 50 cents postpaid.

(7) Wonder Foot Powder keeps the feet dainty. 50 cents, postpaid.

(8) Wonder Wash. A shampoo to clean from dandruff and insure the health of the hair and scalp. 50 cents postpaid.

(9) Shell Pink Creme will give light brown girls beautiful pink cheeks without made-up appearance. 50 cents postpaid.

We guarantee all these Wonders as represented. We give advice free about hair, skin and scalp.

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THE BEE

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NATIONAL LEADERSHIP

The national leadership of Dr. Booker T. Washington is acknowledged by the race. That's a fact. No other man of the race is in his class, except one, That's another fact. The average colored man who aspires to leadership is either a theorist or selfish or both. Dr. Washington is neither. He is a constructionist and that too in its broadest sense. And no man is or could be more devoid of selfishness. His leadership is not the fruit of political efforts, nor will it depend upon political parties for preservation. The colored Americans of this country believe in him, and trust him as implicitly as the whites believed in and trusted Lincoln. And even more so, for the immortal Lincoln had a large contingent of his people to disagree with him, while those who disagree with Dr. Washington constitute such a ridiculous few that you can only see them through a magnifying glass. Where is there a colored man today who has accomplished as much or nearly as much as Booker Washington? Yes, one man, Dr. Shepard. And Dr. Washington is modest—all great men are. He is not interested in himself only in so far as self has a bearing on race progress. He is simply interested in his people—tremendously interested, so much so that no man gives near so much of his time, his talents and his money to further the interests of his people as he does. Not only is Dr. Washington's leadership acknowledged by the race, but the whites see in him the elements of leadership that compels their recognition of him as one of the very ablest and most useful of America's great men. Recognition by Presidents does not make him great, nor advance him. This recognition, when it does come, comes logically to him as a man who has earned it, and not as a man who seeks it. By following this leader the race will ultimately come into its own. And that the colored men are following him is shown all through the South and the North.

There are two great men from the South, Dr. James E. Shepard and Prof. Booker T. Washington. The former is becoming to be as great as Dr. Washington. It will not be long before Durham, N. C. will be as great as Tuskegee. The colored Americans throughout the United States believe in Dr. Shepard as well as the whites believe in him. When colored men like these two can produce something then they will have a following. The recent extended tour of Dr. Shepard through the North, and West a few weeks ago was an evidence of the esteem in which he is held by all classes of American citizens.

TO WHOM SUCCESS IS DUE

If to one man, more than another, the success of the Tues-

day night Wilberforce meeting is due that man is Prof. Wm. A. Joiner. He worked early and late to make it a success. In planning and executing and advising he was simply irresistible. And if not for him the meeting might not have been held. His was the cool head that brought order out of disconcertment. His was the calculating brain that pointed the way. He was the Sheridan that turned rout into victory. And through it all he was modest almost to a fault. And through it all he was unselfish, and firm in the resolve to carry out the will of the club to make the meeting one that would redound to the lasting credit of Wilberforce University the Alma Mater of the members of the local Wilberforce University Club, and not be used as a vehicle for any one or more selfish individuals to rush into the limelight. All who had a part in planning that meeting deserve applause, and the success was sufficient to permit the honor to be generously shared by all the local Wilberforceans.

JOHN M. LANGSTON

There was one man in this country, whose memory should not be forgotten by the young colored American, and that man is the late John Mercer Langston. Mr. Langston was an unselfish American. He devoted most of his time in life in assisting the young struggling colored man. There never was a time in the career of Mr. Langston that he got too busy to assist his fellow man. It is true that he had several sons, but, there was never a time that he assisted one to get an office. The young American owes a debt of gratitude to Mr. Langston. Why is it that a monument has not been erected by the young men to his memory? Is the young man too ungrateful? What has become of those young men who were elevated by this dead statesman? Let there be a monument erected to his memory.

Who will start it?

NO MAN'S ORGAN

Replying to an excerpt from its esteemed contemporary, the Indianapolis Freeman, The Bee begs leave to say that it is the mouthpiece of no man or individual. The Bee has always endeavored to be fair and just to all of its patrons and readers, more so than they have been to The Bee.

The Bee is convinced that the more it does for individuals the less appreciative they seem to be. It has decided to allow all persons to fight their own battles and give credit to those who deserve it.

"Of what consequence is it to us, whether our claims are forged by our enemies or our fellow citizens, let the partisans since they alone are rewarded for victories encountered the dangers of the war."

JUDGE TERRELL

Judge Robert H. Terrell who was appointed to a professorship in the Howard University law school will lecture to the students in practical practice. This is, undoubtedly a new departure and one that will be more beneficial to students. If there is one municipal judge who has the respect and confidence of the bar irrespective of color or condition it is Judge Robert H. Terrell.

President Thirkield means to have a first class law school that will compare with any in this country and it is believed that the appointment of Judge Terrell to one of the professorships will be a great acquisition to the school.

HAPPY LAND

The Bee stated last week, among other things that Mayer, the manager of the Casino Theatre stated that he didn't admit

colored people to his theatre, and the colored correspondent of the Indianapolis World endeavored to make an excuse for him. In this same article the "Fairy Land" moving picture show was referred to as having a "Jim Crow" entrance. The Bee had no reference to the theatre at the corner of 19th and L Sts., northwest, under the supervision of Mr. Luke Karney. This Jim Crow theatre on 7th street, between L and M streets, northwest. You will know it by the two entrances, one for colored people and the other for white people, it is known as the Happy Land theatre. Stand in front of the theatre and watch the Jim Crow Negro enter Happy Land.

THE "JIM CROW"

Headlin of Alabama wanted to establish "Jim Crow" cars in this city if he could. Some time ago Headlin was charged with having shot a Negro and carrying concealed weapons. Neither case has been tried. Why has the United States and the attorney for the District of Columbia failed to bring this man to the bar of justice? Is Headlin one of the individuals to be immuned because he is a member of Congress? The Bee is of the opinion that Mr. Headlin ought to be tried.

NOT A REV.

The caption setter of The Bee caused it to say last week that the distinguished politician, orator and lawyer, J. Milton Turner, was a Rev. Mr. Turner is too good a man to be a Rev. He is in a higher calling. He is the attorney of two great races of Indians and if he were a Rev. his chances for saving these struggling Indians would be a failure. His character is too high to be sailing under false colors, he is a lawyer and not a preacher, although he was at one time a minister to Liberia.

JAMES L. NORRIS

The death of Mr. James L. Norris takes from this city and the Democratic party one of the ablest lawyers in the country, and a Democrat of national reputation. Mr. Norris, although a Democrat was a man who was loved and appreciated by the people irrespective of color or condition. He was an active and broad minded man in the affairs of life. His death came like a thunder bolt upon the community in which he was so much honored and respected.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS

If the Postal Savings Bank Bill is enacted into law we cannot now conceive of the beneficial effect these banks will have upon our race in the South. These banks will become the depositories of hundreds of thousands of dollars of Negroes that would not have found its way into either state or national banks. It will help to their forming habits of saving. The Bee hopes it will become a law.

Dear Mr. Turner:

I enclose herewith copy of a bill which was before the Committee on the District of Columbia of the House of Representatives of which I am a member and we failed to pass it yesterday, and I hope this will end the Jim Crow matter for this session anyway.

Trusting that you and your friends will not hesitate to command me whenever I can be of service. I beg to remain, with my very best wishes to you always.

Yours faithfully,

H. M. Coudrey.

Mr. Turner's reply to Representative Coudrey was as follows:

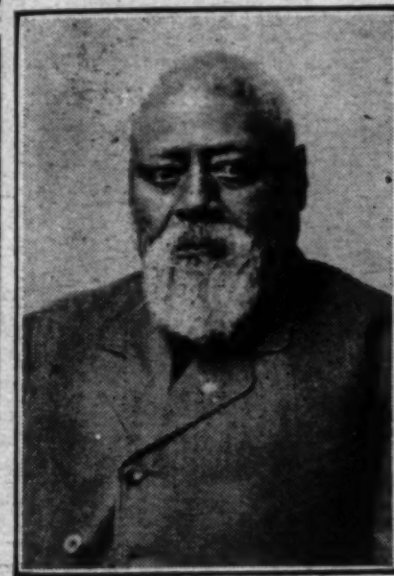
Dear Mr. Coudrey:

I have had the honor to receive your letter of date February 24, 1910, in the defeat of that unfair measure, the defeat by the Committee on the District of Columbia of the House of Representatives, of which you are a member, of H. R. Bill 15425, entitled "A bill providing that the street car companies of the District of Columbia shall provide a sepa-

rate street cars for white and Negro passengers."

You do not mention in so many words your own persistent activity in the defeat of that unfair measure, but that fact is perfectly well known to me, and I thank you for it.

In these strange times when oppressive and unjust measures are so prevalent and so discouraging to the



best efforts of the Negro who would uplift himself in the nation. Men like you, who stand up at any and all times and places for the constitutional rights of that class, uniformly refusing to be biased because of "race, color or previous condition of servitude" furnish the only rays of light and hope in the Negro's black sky.

Thanking you for your expressed willingness to be of additional service to the interests of my people and bespeaking for you the continuance of your highly useful public career, I am, sir,

Very respectfully,

J. Milton Turner.

SECRETARY JORDAN'S NOTE

Dr. Caston, president of the Missouri Baptist Convention, urged all Missouri Baptists to observe the 4th Sunday in February as Bouey Memorial day.

Brother Jordan: "Wife and I will give \$100 on the passage money to bring home from Africa, Jno. D. and Edward H. Bouey, the younger sons of our departed missionary. We will collect the money for their education."—W. R. Pettiford, Birmingham, Ala.

Who will join the Dr. and his wife in this good act? It will take \$270 for two tickets from Sierra Leone to New York. However we may have neglected Dr. Bouey while he lived, he is now where sickness, sorrow, pain and death are felt and feared no more. If anything earthly could heighten his joy among the blood-washed throng, it would be to know that we paid the debts he left in Africa that might reflect upon his name as a missionary, and that we helped his boys. Who knows but what one or both of these boys may return to Africa to make glorious the work of their sainted father? Join Dr. Pettiford and his wife in bringing them back home and in giving them a chance.

The Foreign Mission exercise held by our schools from year to year, in many cases, is all the information young Baptists have on the great subject of world wide missions. The Student Volunteer Movement reaches the white colleges of all denominations, the Laymen's Missionary Movement which has stirred all Christendom as nothing else attempted heretofore has ever done, do not reach our churches. Every Baptist pastor and leader who has any respect for his obligation as a Baptist, any love for Jesus his Saviour, who hopes to see God, his Father and Maker, and who has any respect for the Word of God, cannot be careless about having some kind of exercise in his church that will heighten the interest of the Baptist Army, young and old, in giving the Gospel to benighted Africa.

Programs for Easter, or Foreign Mission Rally Day, March 27th, are now ready for mailing. Are you going to observe the day? If so, write us.

L. G. Jordan,
Cor. Sec., Foreign Mission Board,
Louisville, Ky.

NOTES ON RACIAL PROGRESS

As Reported by the National Negro Business League—Negro Bank a Success—Big Business—Nashville Globe Bank Directory Will Appear February 18.

The following interesting information appeared recently in the Daily News (white), Greensboro, N. C., from its staff correspondent in Dur-

ham, N. C.

Durham, Jan. 25.—At a meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Mechanics and Farmers' Bank here the Negro banking organization, John Merrick, vice president, was chosen to succeed R. P. Fitzgerald, resigned on account of ill health.

This institution, manned by Negro men without a particle of help from the whites, has done a million dollars' worth of business the past year, and its place in the colored colony has become fixed. It has one of the youngest men at its head now. Fitzgerald is the richest North Carolina Negro, but Merrick has risen from the barber shop to the liveliest business man of his race here, and is the second richest man in his race here. The Negroes have a magnificent block here and both insurance companies, financed in part by the bank, are dealing deeply in real estate.

In The Nashville Globe of February 18th, there will appear the most complete Directory of Negro Banks ever attempted by any newspaper in the country. It will even surpass the splendid researches of the several Bankers' Registers. These statistics are being compiled by Mr. Henry A. Boyd, manager of The Nashville Globe, who has made a thorough study of Negro banks. In this article, he ventures the assertion that there are sixty (60) Negro banks and institutions doing a banking business in the United States. He gives the name, state and city in which fifty-two of them are located; and also gives the names of these different institutions in their alphabetical order by states with the authorized capital of each bank.

Mr. Boyd says that four of these banks in different parts of the country have \$100,000 of capital each; nine of them have \$50,000; one, \$35,000; twenty-one, \$25,000, and seventeen, \$10,000.

He further states that a careful estimate shows a total of \$1,620,000 as the authorized capital upon which these fifty (50) odd Negro banks are doing business, and that when the returns are all in, they will show a clearance, on money handled, of about \$20,000,000 for 1909.

GOD'S LAMBS (?) REFUSE TO EAT

Denver, Colo., March 4.—There is something like 3,000 delegates here from all parts of the country for the purpose of a laymen's missionary movement. On Thursday night they were to have a great banquet, and sixty Negroes accepted invitations, and when this news spread over the town the white waiters' union declared a boycott. Rev. A. P. Jones, a white Congregational minister, and Rev. L. T. Thorn, a white Baptist preacher, in reviewing the situation in a secret session, called by the "Christ-likes," decided the white waiters did right. Before things went further the colored citizens of Denver marched down to the convention headquarters with 200 colored waiters and they were told that there could be no charges, as the contract could not be changed out of the 308 colored delegates. Two hundred and eight left the town. Mr. I. T. Perkins, of Kansas, was heard to say, "To hell with your Christian religion," and left the city.

AMONG THE CHURCHES

Rev. J. Anderson Taylor preached an eloquent sermon last Sabbath morning from Acts 16th chapter and 17th verse.

Rev. Walter H. Brooks was greeted with an unusual large congregation last Sabbath morning.

Rev. H. Howard occupied his pulpit Sunday morning and preached a very impressive sermon.

Rev. Ray of the Metropolitan Zion, preached to a large congregation last Sunday morning.

Rev. W. M. Clair of Asbury Church stated a few days ago that he would begin to build his new church shortly.

Rev. S. L. Corrothers is being No better selection could be made.

HELFIN DEFEATED

Helphin of Alabama, who became prominent in a street car escapade some time ago introduced a Jim Crow car bill in the House of Representatives some time ago met with a defeat by the members from St. Louis, Mo. There has never been a colored American charged with an offence like that one Helphin was charged with and not prosecuted. Helphin's should be a basis for Jim Crowism in this city so far as respectable colored women are concerned.

POSED AS THE QUEEN

Wisconsin Girl Original for Painting of Alexandra.

Evelyn May Converse, Playing Model, Met Artist, Who Kept Her Arrayed in Royal Finery Until Picture Was Finished.

New York.—When the loyal and honest Britishers pay homage of heart to the pictured Alexandra at the coronation—from the brush of Edwin R. Abbey, R. A.—it is only to their queen's head and face. The rounded arms, the well poised neck, the stately, patriarchal carriage of the figure are another—the secret is out now. Miss Evelyn Converse, an American girl from Wisconsin at that, posed as Queen Alexandra for Mr. Abbey's great painting, "The Coronation of Edward VII."

Miss Converse hasn't sat on the royal throne, but she has worn the coronation robes. She has never been presented at court, but she has come and gone at Buckingham palace as if born to the purple. She was never proclaimed queen in Westminster, but there she is in the picture. The king himself ordered the painting to be hung on the walls of Buckingham palace. He posed; the queen posed; all the important personages who were nearest to their majesties on that august occasion faced Mr. Abbey for their portions of the picture. But for two years the great work was held up because there was no suitable model in England.

"For two years I've waited for you," said Mr. Abbey when he met Miss Converse. He knew he had found the model he wanted—the rest was only a matter of course. Who that could do it would refuse to pose for her majesty, consort of Edward VII, and wear her robes and jewels?

Strangely enough, Miss Converse isn't a professional model at all. She comes from Eau Claire, Wis., where her father, Henry Edward Converse, is a successful up-to-date American



Miss Evelyn May Converse.

business man. He went there from New York and took a hand in mining and timber and made good. There is sturdy New England stock in Miss Converse, too—on her family tree is the name of Oliver Wendell Holmes.

It all happened just because Miss Converse fell in love and played model for her fiancé, a painter prince—Efstatou Bey, son of a Russian nobleman and a French countess, who adopted Egypt as their country, where Efstatou Pasha is one of its foremost men.

When she was 15 Miss Converse left Eau Claire and went abroad with some cousins to study. She stayed in Paris several years, studying French and music, and hoping that perhaps some day she might go into grand opera. Then she went to England, and at Cambridge she met Efstatou Bey, who had been to the "varsity" there and rowed in one of the crews. He had taken up painting—and he fell in love with Miss Converse.

They became engaged and what could be prettier on canvas than the fiancée's shell pink skin and her dusky black hair and her eyes that are sometimes black and sometimes blue and sometimes gray? And those arms, so exquisitely modeled!

Well, George Story, the artist, saw the throat and arms and shoulders at a reception at the American embassy.

"Just one sitting," he begged of the beautiful American girl, and when she told her fiancé of this he said: "It's a very great honor from such a painter—by all means pose for him."

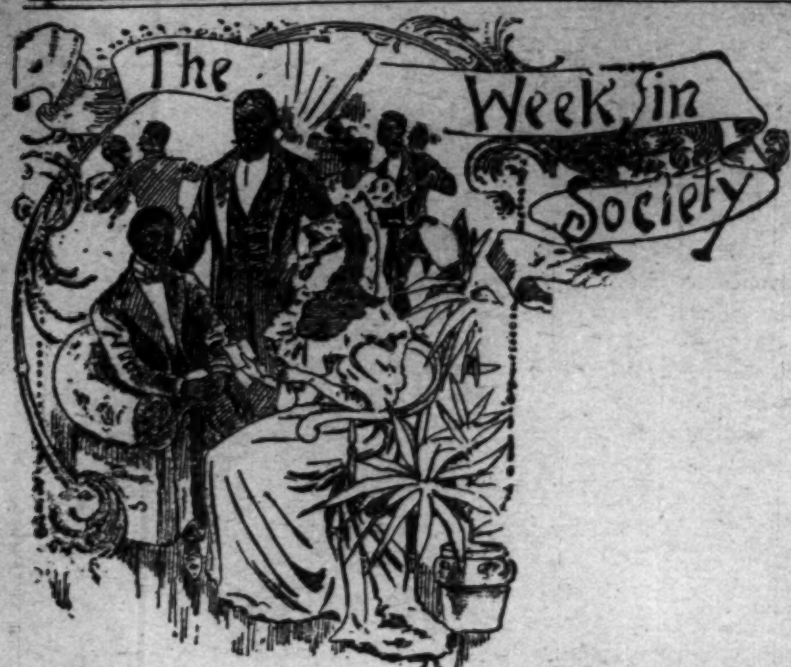
They got along famously, and one day Mr. Story ventured to suggest that Mr. Abbey might want her for some of his next pictures. Miss Converse laughed merrily—the idea that such an artist, one of the two Americans in the Royal Academy, should want to paint her!

"Why, there are plenty of other girls who will do quite as well," she went on, protesting.

And now we get to the point where the pretty American girl was asked to wear Queen Alexandra's coronation robes. Miss Converse called on Mr. Abbey. As she tells it:

"He smiled and just looked at me hard, hard, for about a minute. Then he asked me if I would mind taking off my glove, that he might see my hand. I said, 'Yes, I'll do it,' and then—why, he just said that if my arms were like that he'd most certainly want me for a very important picture he was painting."

"And that very day I put on Queen Alexandra's robes and he began to paint me in the picture."



ing program was carried out:
Hymn — Onward Christian Soldiers.
Invocation—Rev. W. H. Severson.
Recitation — Hon. Lady Minnie Lewis.
Solo—Hon. Lady Hattie Conner.
In introducing the next speaker, Brother Wetherless stated that England had its Queens Elizabeth and Victoria, France, its Joan of Arc, Armeni, Susana; Anthony, Mrs. Murie, but the Masonic Craft is blessed with Hon. Lady Minor, who delivered an interesting and timely address.
Solo—Sir Kt. Chas. H. Young—“Strike the Iron While Hot.”
Address—Hon. Lady Mary Richardson.
Recitation—Hon. Lady Ida Dogan.
Remarks—Sir Kts. W. C. Hill, Citer Walker, Simons, Commandery Sir J. Richardson, Mt. Calvary Commandery.
Emit. Sir W. G. Smith was presented before the Altar by Sir Kt. W. H. Severson. The handsome jewell was presented by Emit. Sir J. P. Turner with appropriate remarks, which were received with a profusion of thanks by W. G. Smith. Minor, acting in behalf of the Ladies Auxiliary, presented Sir Kt. Smith with a beautiful bouquet. After benediction the ladies were escorted to the banquet hall by the Sir Kts., and enjoyed the refreshments.

The Gethsemane Commandery worked the Red Cross degree on a detachment of 15, last week.
John F. Cook Lodge worked the 1st and 3rd degrees, Wednesday night.
Warren Lodge, No. 8 Worked the 3rd degree, on Friday night.
Charity has ever covered the multitude of sins and the word charity certainly has covered the wrong doings of some men in this community. In my notes last week I failed to state that, Mr. Jones and his followers established a so-called Gr. Commandery and Grand Chapter in this city without any authority. All Masonic laws require that it shall take three subordinate lodges; in this instance these men came together and organized a grand body, without any subordinates.
O. E. S.
The funeral of Hon. Lady Braxton, past warden of Electa Chapter, took place from the Vt. Ave. Baptist Church, on Tuesday, February 22, and was largely attended by the members and many friends.

The funeral of Hon. Lady Helen J. Thomas, past warden of Prince Hall Chapter, took place from 15th St. Presbyterian Church, on Thursday, February 24, it was largely attended by members and many friends.
Queen of Shilo Chapter held a meeting on Monday night and worked the Eastern Star degree on 5 candidates.
During the evening Hon. Lady Alma Fleming, P. M., of Corinthian Chapter, No. 9, of St. Louis, Mo., paid a visit to the Chapter and made some very timely and interesting remarks, stating that she as very forcibly impressed with the perfection of the memorizing of the degree work as exemplified by the officers and chapter.
Mr. F. N. McGowan, of Chicago, Ill., who has contributed cartoons to The Washington Bee from time to time was born in Pine Bluff, Ark.
At an early age he desired to draw land, but being in destitute circumstances, his lot was very hard and had to live like an orphan at twelve years of age.
Being discouraged by a crude step-father, he dropped his best opportunity to make a good artist.
As he has not come in direct contact with a critic, he doesn't know his flaws, but always listens willingly to reasonable persons.
Some people with whom he has come in contact asked him why he does not continue to draw pictures on lynching. Others ask why he don't get on the humorous side of the situation and draw something funny.
His answer to such people is a cartoon of lynching in a colored paper doesn't look any worse than a big headline in a white paper, of “niggers” lynched, burned and clubbed.
He don't try to exaggerate his ideas, but bases them on scripture, using nothing more than the truth.
He has a sense of humor, but in the condition we are, the time has come when we must take on serious thought for our welfare of future existence. He doesn't want to be

NO COLOR LINE IN BEAUTY

Some beautiful women have creole color, some have Indian brown color, others have white faces, and others have black velvet faces. Some very handsome girls have light brown skin with pink cheeks. No matter what color your skin may be, if you keep it clear, bright and smooth, by using Complexion Wonder, you will be as handsome as your features will permit.
“Complexion Wonder Creme” is used by aristocratic white women, and any woman, no matter what color her complexion may be, can make her face look attractive. “Complexion Wonder Creme” improves any face like magic.
We send one white sample and one pink sample of “Complexion Wonder Creme” for 10 cents; also sample of Wonder Hair Grow for 10 cents. If you send 60 cents, we send all these samples with a Wonder Comb. This magnetto-metallic comb can be heated before using.
M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rect or Street, New York.

boastful, but his belief is that the cartoons published by you closed the trap door of a well known vulgar hot air shooter, of S. C., whose foul breath has not been heard or smelt in a long time.
What the cartoonist did for New York in breaking up a notorious bunch of cut throats and thieves, we



might be able to do the same with another bunch of the same class and assassins of midnight, which have had full sway of this grand and glorious country, the “Home of the so-called brave and the free.”
Bear in mind, he isn't bias against the country, but is very sore against the deeds which have been handed our people and he'll do all in his power to show them up.

ANACOSTIA NEWS

A military organization was formed Monday, February 21, at the residence of L. W. Jackson, on Summer street.

The military board is composed of the following members:
W. W. Fraction, Jr., president; L. W. Jackson, vice president; S.W. Jackson, secretary.

The line and staff officers of the battalion will be made known later.
A special sermon was preached by Rev. C. H. Young at Campbell's A. M. E. Church to the Alpha Charity Club of Anacostia. After the sermon the following ladies illustrated on the subject “Organization”: Mrs. Clifford of Washington, and Mrs. R. L. Pendleton, the ex-president.
Music by the noted choir of the Campbell Church helped to enliven the occasion.
W. W. Fraction, Jr., is The Bee's representative in this section. Persons residing here will send their names to him.

HON. SAMUEL W. SMITH

Mr. Smith represents one the Detroit (Mich.) districts in Congress, is chairman of the House Committee on the District of Columbia; and in that capacity is confessedly the most potent factor in the House in the matter of shaping legislation for Mr. Smith has out-distanced all his predecessors in the systematic and thorough manner in which he has set out to familiarize himself with the needs and requirements of the District. He has made public addresses before a number of the strong, progressive citizens associations in our city, and has in various ways worked the most wide-spread conferences with many of our civic and other organizations with a view to finding out the needs and views of our citizens on public municipal affairs.
He will address the Howard Park Citizens' Association, of which Rev. D. E. Wiseman, is president, at their regular monthly meeting, Monday evening, the 14th inst., at the Church of Our Redeemer, 8th street, above Florida avenue, northwest, at 8 o'clock.

The public is cordially invited to this and all the meetings of this active Association.

READ THE BEE.

THIS QUEEN WORKS

How Paris Chooses a Fete Sovereign Each Year.

Mlle. Lucienne Joly, a Hard-Working Seamstress Was Queen of the French Capital's Autumn Feast This Year.

Paris.—Although France is now a republic for the third time, her people still seem to hanker after royalty and their taste runs in the direction of queens. They can't have a regular queen, of course, so they must be contented with queens of a lower degree, who are chosen in various trades and various parts of France with all due ceremony.

From time immemorial the tradespeople of Paris have celebrated each carnival by electing a queen from among the work people, whose chief merit is unusual beauty, the pride of birth being quite an unimportant factor.

The vegetable women select their queen, the grocers theirs, the fishmarket makes its choice and so on. These several chosen queens are brought together for an appointed committee to pass judgment on them. The queen receiving the largest number of votes is raised to the highest honor and her title is—Queen of the Queens. It is a strange fact that for several years, with one exception, the fish market has furnished the Queen of Queens for this joyous fete.

This year the business men of Paris inaugurated a Fete d'Automme (autumn feast), and October 2 and 3 were chosen as the days for the celebration.

A very ceremonious meeting was held in the chamber of marriages at the city hall at which the delegates of



Mlle. Lucienne Joly.

the various business associations assembled a few days ago for the difficult undertaking of electing an ephemeral sovereign to preside over this fete. The delegates on arriving at the hall found 15 beauties sitting in state awaiting the decision of the judges. The idle, butterfly type was not represented, for the young woman who was to attain the supreme dignity of queen had to be taken from the ranks of the business women.

After a moment's contemplation the president of the committee, M. Chalanon, arose and in carefully selected words set forth the ideas which first inspired the business men to bring into existence this autumn feast. The delegates were then asked to vote for the queen of the fete. The situation was most embarrassing. Gallantry is proverbial with the Frenchman, and to his chivalrous mind it was almost treason to select one to the discredit of the other candidates. A choice had to be made, however. Above each candidate was a number and each delegate simply wrote the number of his preference on the slip provided for him and dropped it into a box.

The first count showed that the delegates were of divers opinions and no one of the candidates had a majority. This necessitated another ballot. A signal was given to the brass band in attendance, and in a twinkling it was thrilling the assembled people with one of the most exciting popular airs. The music gave courage to the timid and faltering judges, so that it was only a question of few minutes before the final vote was cast and counted. This formality over, M. Grandon, master of ceremonies, announced the result and proclaimed the chosen queen to be Mlle. Lucienne Joly, queen of the dressmakers, a Juno-like brunette who had received 41 votes, thus making her Queen of the Autumn Feast. Blushing with pleasure and greatly agitated, the reigning sovereign thanked the assembly for the honor conferred on her, and the committee then escorted her and her 14 maids of honor to a restaurant, where the chosen one was congratulated demonstratively by her relatives and companions.

Unquestionable Probity. A housewife who had met with unpleasant experiences through a dishonest servant took the precaution before filling the vacancy, to write to the applicant's last employer for explicit information as to the girl's honesty: “I believe Mollie to be thoroughly honest,” came the prompt reply. “I certainly never knew her to take anything, not even my orders. She didn't even take pains.”

Perhaps it is no disgrace to be a sinner if the other fellow needs one

Ice cream soda is popular with the crowds the year round at the Board & McGuire Pharmacy, on Fourteenth street between Tea and You streets.

Attorney J. W. Bird of Wilmington, Delaware, also a member of the District bar is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. King at their residence, 1907 3th street, n. w.

Mr. Scipio Jones of Little Rock, Ark., is in the city, guest at The Hotel Hundnell.

Miss Clara Jones carried off the prize in music last month at her school in Utica, New York.

The Maceo Moving Picture show has been re-opened.

The latest reports is that there is to be an investigation of certain branches of the colored schools.

Mrs. Preston Slowe of Philadelphia, Pa., arrived in this city on March fifth for a ten days' visit.

Mr. Elwood Hubert of this city, was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hinson, at Wilmington, Del., on Sunday, February 27th.

Misses Anna Scott, Tiny Sampson and Emma Hall of this city were recently tendered an At Home by Mesdames Geo. I. Simms and Allen Brown, of 1309 Division St., in Baltimore.

Miss Octavia Gilliam, of this city, attended the wedding of Miss Bessie Holmes and Rev. Hill, of Bamberg, S. C., and Richmond, Va., recently.

Mrs. Roberta B. Webster of this city, is indisposed at her mother's residence in Richmond, Va.

Mr. A. K. Savoy, is ill at his home with scarlet fever.

Mrs. Alphonzo Peyton Cook, who has recently returned to this city after a very pleasant stay in New York, was tendered a reception on Saturday February 26th, at the residence of Mrs. Sadie Cork.

T. J. Calloway of this city is having abundant success at Jacksonville, Fla.

Mr. Henry L. Johnson, nominee for Recorder of Deeds, is the guest of Prof. and Mr. Chas. M. Thomas and the Misses Downes, at 1341 T street, n. w.

Milton Chisom of this city has been transferred to the Quarter-Master's office at San Francisco, Cal.

He was tendered a reception before leaving by his co-workers, and surprised all by leading Miss Mable Scott to the altar.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Chase of this city gave a theatre party last Friday evening, in honor of Mrs. Yancy, of Boston.

Mrs. Laurence L. Green of this city, has returned after a pleasant stay with Mrs. John Nelson, Jr., in Baltimore.

Hon. Albert S. White, of Louisville, Ky., is in the city, the guest of Mr. Shelby J. Davidson, 1911 13 street, n. w., preparatory to appearing before the U. S. Supreme Court in the case of Childs vs. the C. and O. R. R. Co., brought from the State Court on writ of error soon to be heard.

Prof. Roscoe C. Bruce was the recipient of many social affairs on his recent visit to the National Educational Association, at Indianapolis, Ind. Among them was a smoker at the home of Prof. W. R. Valentine and a reception by the teachers of the city at No. 17 school.

Mrs. Thorne, who has been visiting her daughter and son-in-law, Prof. and Mrs. W. O. Clayton at Norfolk, Va., has returned to this city.

Miss Ursile Beckett of this city, is in Providence, R. I., where she contemplates residing permanently.

A surprise party was given on Friday evening of last week, by relatives in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Webb, No. 2 Hanover street, n. w.

All of them gathered at 9 o'clock

and brought provisions in abundance. After enjoying themselves greatly they were served with refreshments in abundance and departed for their homes at 12 p. m.

The Mid-Winter Athletic Carnival given at True Reformers Hall last Friday evening, by Mr. M. Hayson, was one of great credit. Many attended. His friends wish him much success.

Master Robert Brooks is ill at his home, 410 O street, n. w. We wish him a speedy recovery.

Mrs. M. C. Terrell is preparing for an extensive lecture tour.

Mrs. B. G. Francis is doing active and effective work for the Y. W. C. A.

Miss Mr. P. Shadd's work proves that women are successful as supervisors.

Mr. Oliver has proven himself a valuable addition to the basket ball team of the M. C. A.

Miss Alice Claggett, who is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Laura Douglass, is receiving much social attention. After Saturday, March 5, she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Colbert, of 1630 O street.

Mrs. Lacy, of 1208 S street, is recovering from her recent illness.

Mr. O. Scott appears on the arena in an automobile.

Mr. Harry Budleigh left the city last Tuesday to fill his numerous engagements in the North. Recently he was called to the city to the bedside of his mother-in-law, who is ill at Brookland, D. C. Mrs. Burleigh and her little son will remain until her mother is entirely out of danger.

Mrs. Freeman and family have moved from their old homestead on 16th street, to their new and palatial home at the corner of 13th and T streets, n. w. It is beautifully furnished throughout.

Mrs. J. T. Booth has recovered from her recent illness.

Mrs. I. G. Richardson is installing many new ideas into her work as attendance officer.

A move is on foot to get better representation in the newspapers for the race. With this end in view the ministers noted the number of members subscribing to the several papers in the D. C.

DOMESTIC COUNCIL ELECTS OFFICERS

At the annual meeting of the Women's Domestic Council, an auxiliary organization of the Clarke Industrial Training School, affiliated with the Housekeepers' Alliance, held at Lincoln Memorial Church, 11th and R streets, last week, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Mrs. Helen A. Davis, president; Rev. Caleb Queen, secretary; Miss Estella Morris, treasurer, and Mrs. Addie Clarke, principal of school.

Miss Lucy Moten, principal of the Minor Normal School, will spend her summer vacation in Europe.

Last week the Rectors' Aid Society of St. Luke's parish was arranged with Miss Nettie Murray, the well known soloist as president.

On Tuesday night of last week at the Masonic Hall, in the Commandery Room, at Fifth and Virginia avenues, s. e., a large crowd of ladies of the several commanderies and Sir Kts. assembled to participate in and witness a presentation to Past Emt. Gr. Commander Sir Kt. Wm. Green Smith. The ladies were escorted from the commandery room by a detachment of Sir Kts., and were welcomed by Sir Kt. Jno. Turner, who introduced Sir Kt. N. E. Wetherless, district grand master, as master of ceremonies.

He stated that we were here this evening to pay homage and present a Past Gr. Commander's Jewell to Sir Kt. W. G. Smith. The follow-

Lincoln Memorial Building Co.

CAPITAL, \$400,000

WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIRST OFFERING

**\$100,000 OF STOCK AT PAR
\$10.00 PER SHARE**

**To be paid for on the Easy Payment
Plan**

This is of importance to YOU and
and every Negro in the land!

Why?

Because

It advances the interest of the Negro race.
It affords the individual a safe and sure investment.
It opens up new channels of enterprise.
It presents the Negro in his true light before the eyes of the world.



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W. R. Williams, Washington, D. C.

IT IS THE NEW EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION

WASHINGTON IS THE SEAT OF OUR
NATION'S GOVERNMENT.

The eyes of the world are on Washington.
One-third of Washington's population is
Negro.

If all the Negroes in Washington were colon-
ized in one place they would make a city larger
than Richmond, Virginia.

There are seven theatres in Washington,
supported by a white population of 241,923—
and a few foolish Negroes willing to be colon-
ized in the galleries, the only place to which the
Negro is admitted.

THERE IS NOT A SINGLE FIRST-
CLASS OFFICE BUILDING in the city of
Washington, where a colored professional or
business man or woman, and there are hun-
dreds of them in the National Capital, can ob-
tain business quarters.

JUST THINK OF IT! 100,000 enterprising,
thrifty, intelligent people, through race prej-
udice, swept completely out of the business dis-
trict of Washington; 100,000 genteel, prosper-
ous, amusement loving people deprived of
every form of theatrical entertainment unless
willing to submit to the most humiliating con-
ditions.

Every colored man and woman IN Wash-
ington.

Every colored man and woman VISITING
Washington.

Every colored man and woman in America,
familiar with the true state of the Negro in
Washington, realizes that a theatre, store, and
office building, operated by the Negroes, for the
Negroes, is A NECESSITY.

The welfare of the race demands it.
The self-respect of the race demands it.
Any enterprise resting its hope of success
upon a NECESSITY is bound to be a suc-
cess.

A THEATRE AND OFFICE BUILDING
IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, built by
Negroes, for the use of Negroes, is a NECES-
SITY.

Appreciating to the utmost that fact—
THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILDING
COMPANY proposes to erect in the Central
Business District of the city of Washington a
magnificent theatre, seating capacity 2,500, and
a store and office building of splendid propor-
tion, adequate in every respect to meet the re-
quirements of prosperous professional and busi-
ness men.

The enterprise is exceptional in two respects:
First—It is absolutely safe.

Second—It promises enormous possibilities
as a money maker.

Features that must appeal to every man or
woman with a few dollars to invest, and you
are such a man or woman or you would not
have read this far.

THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILD-
ING COMPANY has surveyed the field care-
fully, and it KNOWS that hundreds of tenants
are available for the offices, that dozens of
merchants are ready to rent the stores, and
that 100,000 people are anxious to patronize
the theatre exclusively, and make it the best

paying amusement place in America.

IT KNOWS ALL THIS AND IT IN-
VITES YOU TO PARTICIPATE in an en-
terprise ABSOLUTELY DEVOID OF RISK,
where every dollar will be invested in the best
of Washington Real Estate, that increases in
value annually at the rate of 5% per cent—
nearly DOUBLE bank interest.

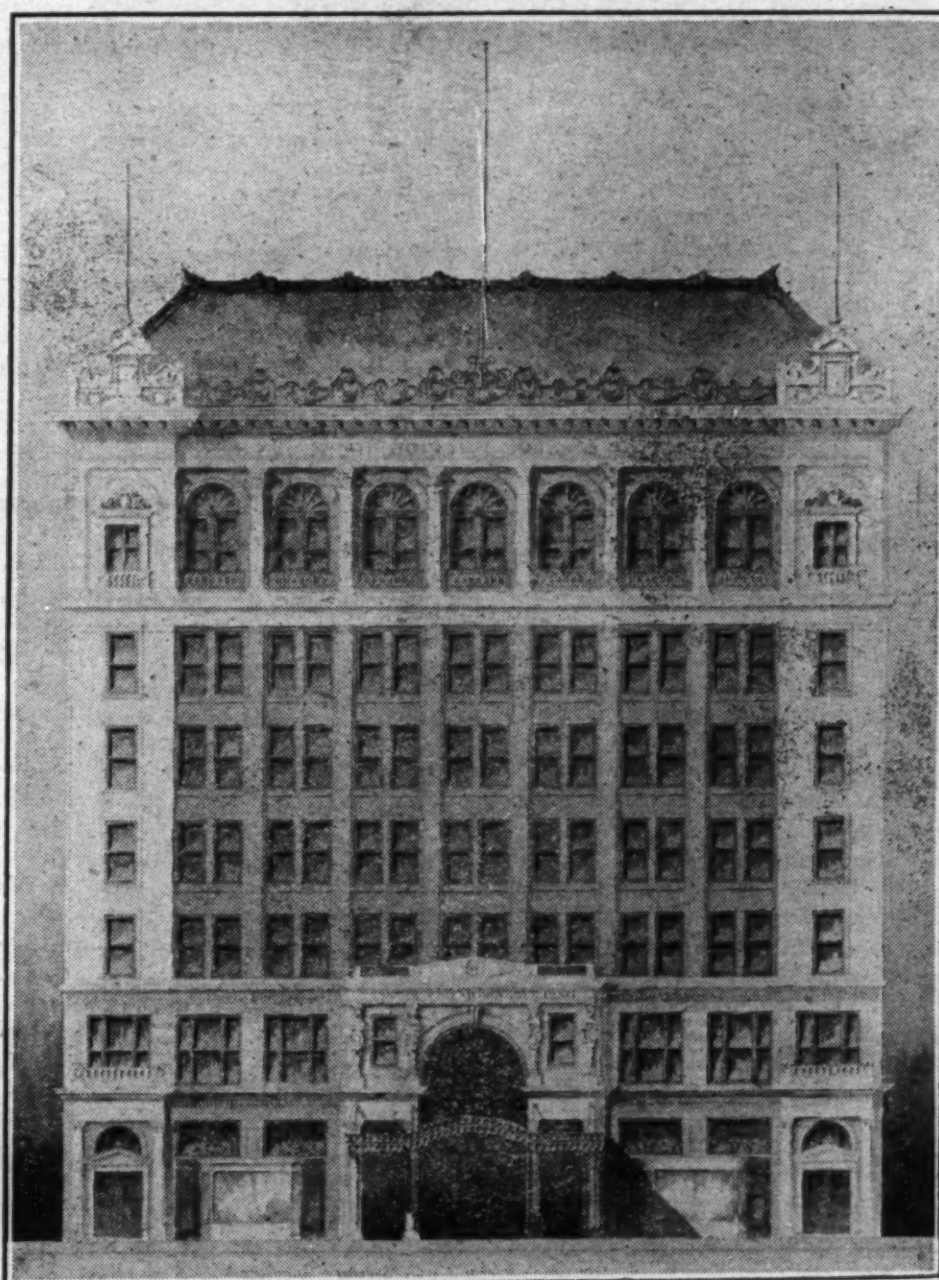
Even that is good enough for most people,
but the LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILDING
COMPANY will do better than that. It will
have offices and stores and lodge rooms, which
will earn, on a conservative estimate, at least
\$23,200 per year. Equal to 5-9-10 per cent per
annum.

It will also have a theatre, which, if patron-
ized at prices ranging from 10 to 50 cents, by
only 1 per cent of the total colored population
of the city of Washington, will enable the Com-
pany to pay 15 per cent on its total capitaliza-
tion. Equal in all to 20-9-10 per cent, to which
may be added the land value increase of 5%
per cent.

Now, all this is Conservatively Estimated.

Banks and Insurance Companies engage in
enterprises like this with their depositors' and
policyholders' money—YOUR money, but
YOU get only about 3 or 3½ per cent. The
banks or insurance companies keep the balance.

THE LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILD-



Proposed Front Elevation
LINCOLN MEMORIAL OFFICE AND THEATRE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C.

ING COMPANY is ENTIRELY NEGRO.

Not one dollar of white capital will be ac-
cepted in exchange for its securities.

There is not one dollar of Promotion Stock,
consequently there is no watered stock.

Every holder of stock from the President
down must pay at LEAST \$10.00 per share for
every share of stock allotted to him.

This does not mean that the price of stock
will REMAIN at \$10.00 per share. It is \$10.00
NOW. It will advance in price far beyond
\$10.00, just as railroad and public utility stock
goes to several times par. So will the Lincoln
Memorial Building Company's stock go to
several times its present value.

This means that a share of stock costing
\$10.00 NOW will be worth \$40.00 when stock
goes to four times par. Estimates show that
the Company's earnings will be 20 per cent, and
that is four times par, with every dollar in-
vested in Real Estate. THE BEST in the city
of Washington, where values are as firmly fixed
as the Rock of Gibraltar.

This does not mean that the price of stock
will remain at \$10.00 per share. It is \$10.00
NOW. If the Company, as it is estimated,
pays 20 per cent, a \$10.00 share of stock will be
worth \$40.00. If it pays 40 per cent, a single
share of \$10.00 stock will be worth \$80.00. Just
as railroads and public utility stocks increase
in value, so will the Lincoln Memorial Build-
ing Company's stock increase in price.

The first allotment of stock at \$10.00 a share
is being rapidly subscribed, and the next allot-
ment will be \$12.50 per share, to which point
it will soon be advanced; therefore, you are
urged to avail yourself of the present opportu-
nity to get in as completely on the ground
floor as any one of the Company's Directors
are.

The Company's Directors, by the way, are
men of sterling worth, integrity and honor, as
you are possibly aware, or can easily ascertain
through any COMMERCIAL AGENCY.

Their names are at the top of this page.
They have unbounded faith in the future of the
Company. They have invested THEIR hard
earned money in it, and they advise you to in-
vest YOUR money side by side with theirs.

DCN'T WAIT UNTIL IT IS TOO LATE.

The price of stock is \$10.00 per share, pay-
able \$1.00 down and \$1.00 per month for nine
months upon each share subscribed for.

DO IT NOW.

Before you lay this paper down cut out the
coupon on the left hand corner of this page and
mail to-day, with remittance for first payment,
if for but one share of stock.

We shall be glad at all times to give you any
further information desired, and again invite
you to join us in this enterprise.

Very truly yours,

LINCOLN MEMORIAL BUILDING
COMPANY,

494 Louisiana Ave., Washington, D. C.

Tear off and mail with your remittance for First Payment

Lincoln Memorial Building Company, 494 Louisiana Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:
Find inclosed.....dollars as first payment on.....shares of
stock in the Lincoln Memorial Building Company, upon the following terms and conditions:
First. That the price at which I purchase this stock is ten dollars per share.
Second. That the stock issued to me shall be fully paid and non-assessable.
Third. That if purchased on deferred payments that the first payment shall not be less than 10 per
cent of the purchase price.
Fourth. That my contract of purchase will be issued to me for the number of shares applied for upon
my first payment.

Name.....

Street.....City.....State.....

Tear off and mail for Free Prospectus

Lincoln Memorial Building Company,
494 Louisiana Ave., Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:
I have read your advertisement and desire further information regarding the Lincoln Memorial Build-
ing Company.
Please send me by return mail, free of charge, prospectus of the Lincoln Memorial Building Company.
It is understood that there is no obligation on my part whatsoever.

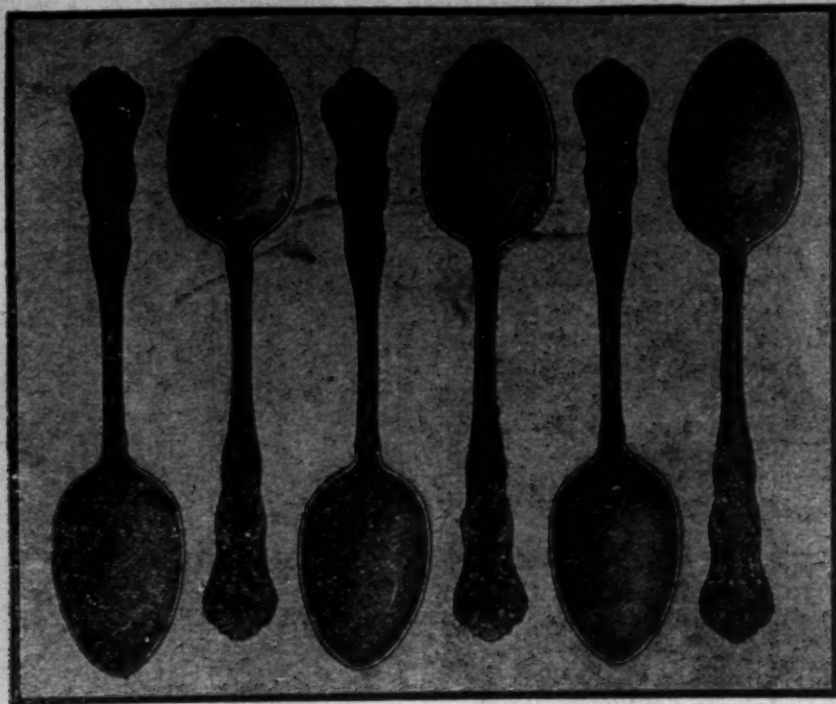
Name.....

Street.....

City.....State.....

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Splendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed Silver Ware Free to the Washington Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal, Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever. Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will bring or mail to The Bee office one new subscription paid one year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,

Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00, for which please send me The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free, postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal Spoons, as advertised.

Name
Address
Name
Address

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

W. Sidney Pittman Architect

RENDERING IN MONOTONE, WATER COLOR AND PEN & INK
PATENT DRAWINGS
DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING
BLUE PRINTING
STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.
Phone: Main 6145—M Office 404 Louisiana Ave., N.W.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG STORE,
316 Four-and-a-half Street, S. W.
As usual, invites the public to visit his

MAMMOTH STORE
Stocked with everything in the Drug line. Easter offerings in every design. Pure drugs. Prescriptions carefully compounded.
RICHARDSON'S DRUG

Old Colonial Records Show Act Was Attempted in 1656—The Punishment.

It is not necessary to give up our pious faith in the superior political morality of our forefathers when we learn that even in the first generation of Bostonians was found a ballot stuffer.

The same record which reveals this break records also its instant repudiation and punishment. It was on the fourteenth day of January, 1655, 25 years after the settlement of Boston, according to the quaint records preserved of the king's chapel, that a referendum was held as to whether a part of the land should be alienated.

The old chronicle runs: "The Inhabitants proceeded to bring in their votes; and when the Selectmen were receiving 'em at the Door of the Hall they observed one of the Inhabitants, viz., John Pigeon, to put in about a dozen with the word Yea wrote on all of 'em, being charged with so doing, he acknowledged it, and was thereupon Ordered by the Moderator to pay a Fine of Five Pounds for putting in the settlement of Boston as

according to the more than One Vote according to Law, and the Moderator thereupon declared to the Inhabitants that they must draw and bring in their votes again in Manner as before directed, and the Inhabitants accordingly withdrew and the Votes being brought in and sorted it appeared that there were Four Hundred and two votes and that there was two hundred and five Yeas and one hundred and ninety-seven Nays."—Boston Transcript.

BITTER WAS THE AWAKENING
Sleeping Owner of Millions Brought Back to Earth by Stern Yet Modest Demand.

"I dreamed last night that beginning with \$100 I pyramided my bets on the stock market so that in a little while I had \$2,000,000,000," said one of the artist colony in West Sixty-seventh street yesterday. "A crowd of people came to me and besought me to cease speculating. They pointed out that I had more money than I could ever spend and if I kept on I would own all there was in the world. I replied that I wanted a billion dollars more for my own use and that I proposed with the two billion I already had to establish a great institution where all the artists and writers and sculptors might work free from pecuniary annoyances, and raise the standard of beauty in all the arts throughout the world. The last man who came to beg me to stop making money was my attorney. I turned a deaf ear to his entreaties and finally he sternly demanded of me the two dollars and a half that I had borrowed from him last week. Then I woke up."—New York Press.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to Women

SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS

The Winner Louisiana Exhibit
If this pair of Shears breaks or within five years from date of purchase with a new pair without cost to the purchaser.
Hamilton Silver Co. Factory B.
Notice the Guarantee Given by The Best Shears in The World



Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this "Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them—if you could the Shears would cost you about \$1.50.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,

1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00 for which please send me for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name Address
Name Address
Name Address

James H Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND EMBLAMEUR,
ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE
TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

James H. Dabney

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable.
Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.
Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street northwest. Main office branch at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va.
Telephone for Office, Main 1727.
Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5.
OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY,
Where I can accommodate 50 Horses.
Call and inspect our new and modern stable.
J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.
Phone, Main 3200. Carriages for Hire.

John T. Rhines and Company

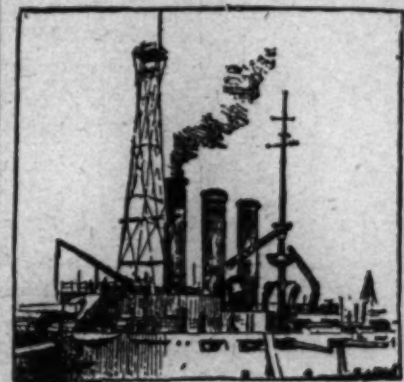
Carriages for Hire. Telephone, Main 194
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
Bodies Cremated as Well as Interred
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
600 Second Street S. W. Washington, D. C.

SKELETON MILITARY MAST

Picturesque Feature of the Battleship Is Being Supplanted By a Structure of Steel.

Boston.—One of the most picturesque features of the battleship is rapidly on its way to the scrap heap. The military mast, that heavy steel column of which most ships of Uncle Sam's navy carried a pair, fore and aft, which had fighting tops from the platforms of which machine guns could be used to pop away at torpedo boats or like craft, is being regarded as obsolete.

The military mast was considered not so very long ago, a formidable feature of the equipment of a battleship. Now, it is being supplanted by a skeleton mast, a stranded structure of steel sufficiently open in its inter-



New and Old Masts of the Battleship Missouri.

lacing of supports to permit of the least possible damage from the shots of the enemy.

It has been shown by experiments that this form of structure will stand the greatest amount of puncture from shots before it collapses, and so the navy department is replacing the more or less solid structures with this grapevine arrangement.

The new mast, while rising to the height of the topmast of the old style, is only about one-fifth of the weight, averaging about 7,000 pounds, as against 34,000 pounds of most masts of the old style. The height of the new masts from the water to the lookout is about 120 feet, or approximately the same as the old ones, but the "eye" of the ship is infinitely safer on the top of the new masts than it was on the top of the old wooden topmasts.

The illustration very adequately shows the masts on the battleship Missouri recently fitted at the Charlestown navy yard, the foremost being the new model and the mainmast the old.

NEGRO AT THE NORTH POLE

Matthew Henson, Peary's Valet, Proves That Black Man Can Stand Coldest Weather.

New York.—The general supposition that the negro can't stand cold weather and is a warm climate person only, is refuted in the case of Matthew Henson, Commander Robert E. Peary's personal servant. Among the interesting announcements connected with the north pole discovery was the statement that Henson was the only civilized person with Peary when the top



Matthew Henson.

of the world was discovered. Henson, in fact, says it was he who raised the stars and stripes at the "great rail" and that he taught the Eskimos to cheer when the American flag was unfurled.

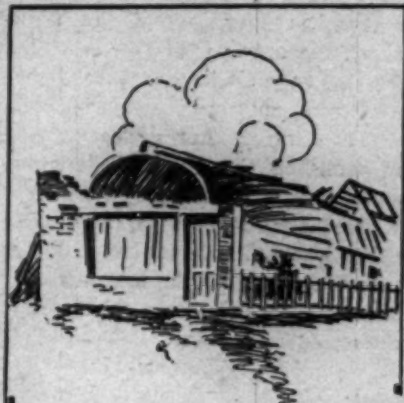
Walter Kitchener at Disadvantage.
Gen. Walter Kitchener, who is stationed at Bermuda, is a brother of Lord Kitchener, and this fact has worked against him rather than for him. He is considered a clever soldier in England, and at the time of the war in South Africa it was thought that he would receive an important post that would become vacant. He was passed over and his brother, Lord Kitchener, was asked for the reason. "It should have gone to my brother," he said, "but if I had given it to him everybody would have yelled 'favoritism' at the top of their voices, so I picked someone else."

Walter Kitchener was expected at Cape Town at a railway station once when an old lady rushed in excitedly and asked at what platform Lord Kitchener was expected to arrive. No one seemed to know anything about his visit until it finally dawned upon the staff officer that she had heard of the arrival of his brother. He informed her that this was only Kitchener that was expected. "I call it a shame that this man, whoever he may be, should be allowed to use Lord Kitchener's name; the government ought to do something about it," she said, stalking majestically out of the station.

"PEGGOTTY" HUT A SAD RUIN

Yarmouth Scenes Which Dickens Described in His Story of "David Copperfield."

London.—A Yarmouth hundred of herring really counts 132, and in many ways the inhabitants of the old town are credited with an open-handed generosity. Peggotty told David Copperfield, you remember, that it was the finest place in the universe, to which the boy replied that "a mound or two might have improved it, and also that if the land had been a little more separated from the sea and the town and the tide had not been quite so much mixed up, like toast and water, it would have been much nicer." But



All that is Left of Peggotty's Hut.

presently, when he got into the streets and "smelt the fish and pitch, and oakum, and tallow, and saw the sailors walking about and the carts jingling up and down over the stones," Young Copperfield admitted that he had done Yarmouth an injustice.

The remains of Peggotty's hut may still be seen, sad and forlorn, alas! but suggestive nevertheless of the quaint home where David was so happy, of Peggotty's jokes, of little Emily's pretty ways and of the dolefulness of Mrs. Gummidge. There are many ancient buildings that have stood the test of time better than the queer boat-house of Peggotty. Formerly Yarmouth was one of the principal ports of England, and its merchant adventurers enjoyed the patronage of Queen Elizabeth. Its Tolhouse claims to be the oldest municipal building in the kingdom.

WILSON WILL GO TO MEXICO

Minister to Belgium to Succeed Ambassador Thompson in Neighboring Republic.

Washington.—Henry Lane Wilson, American minister to Belgium, will soon be officially named to succeed David B. Thompson as ambassador to Mexico. Mr. Wilson has been notified of his appointment by the state department and is clearing up his business at the legation in Brussels pending his departure for his new post. Mr. Wilson, who is a native of Crawfordsville, Ind., has been in the diplomatic service since 1897, when he was appointed minister to Chile. He



Henry Lane Wilson.

became minister to Belgium in 1905. Before entering the diplomatic service Mr. Wilson was successively editor, lawyer and banker. He is a graduate of Wabash college.

Deadheads Must Be Coaxed.

Concert givers in Germany find it more and more difficult to get an audience. Free tickets by no means insure one. A Berlin journal tells how audiences at recitals (Berlin often has more than 50 of them in one week) are apt to be made up.
Miss N., who plays or sings, sends out about 200 tickets, some of them to prominent persons. One of these is the wife of Prof. X. She kindly accepts the ticket, but has no intention of attending the concert, so she gives them to her dressmaker, who in turn bestows them upon her assistants, who probably may go to the concert. In one case it was found that of 200 free tickets only 47 were used.—Musical America.

Pulsation and Respiration.

Before birth the average number of pulsations per minute is 150; in the newly born, 140 to 130; during the first year, 130 to 115; second year, 115 to 100; seventh year, 90 to 85; fourteenth year, 85 to 80; adult life, 80 to 70; old age, 70 to 60.
At birth there are 44 respirations in one minute; at five years of age, 25; from 15 to 20, 20; from 20 to 25, 18.7; from 25 to 30, 16; from 30 to 50, 15.1. The average ratio which the number of respirations bears to the number of pulsations in a given time is 1:4.
The temperature of a healthy human adult averages from 98.4 to 98.6, but 97.5 and 99 F. are within normal.

